User Guide

Amicon[®] Ultra-15 Centrifugal Filter Devices for volumes up to 15 mL

Amicon® Ultra-15 3K, 10K, 30K, 50K, and 100K devices for research use only; not for use in diagnostic procedures

Introduction

Amicon® Ultra-15 centrifugal filter devices provide fast ultrafiltration, with the capability for high concentration factors and easy concentrate recovery from dilute and complex sample matrices. The vertical design and available membrane surface area provide fast sample processing, high sample recovery (typically greater than 90% of dilute starting solution), and the capability for 80-fold concentration. Typical processing time is 15 to 60 minutes depending on Molecular Weight Cutoff (MWCO). Solute polarization and subsequent fouling of the membrane are minimized by the vertical design, and a physical deadstop in the filter device prevents spinning to dryness and potential sample loss. The concentrate is collected from the filter device sample reservoir using a pipettor, while the ultrafiltrate is collected in the provided centrifuge tube. The device can be spun in a swinging-bucket or fixed-angle rotor. Amicon® Ultra-15 devices are supplied non-sterile and are for single use only.

The Amicon® Ultra-15 product line includes 5 different cutoffs (MWCO):

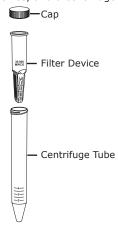
- Amicon® Ultra 3K device 3,000 MWCO
- Amicon® Ultra 10K device 10,000 MWCO
- Amicon® Ultra 30K device 30,000 MWCO
- Amicon® Ultra 50K device 50,000 MWCO
- Amicon® Ultra 100K device 100,000 MWCO

Applications

- Concentration of biological samples containing antigens, antibodies, enzymes, nucleic acids (DNA/RNA samples, either single- or double-stranded), microorganisms, column eluates, and purified samples
- Purification of macromolecular components found in tissue culture extracts and cell lysates, removal of primer, linkers, or molecular labels from a reaction mix, and protein removal prior to HPLC
- Desalting, buffer exchange, or diafiltration

Materials Supplied

The Amicon® Ultra-15 device is supplied with a cap, a filter device, and a centrifuge tube.





Required Equipment

- Centrifuge with swinging-bucket or fixed-angle rotor with wells/carriers that can accommodate 50 mL tubes **CAUTION**: To avoid damage to the device during centrifugation, check clearance before spinning.
- Pipettor with 200 microliter (µL) tip for concentrate recovery

Suitability

Preliminary recovery and retention studies are suggested to ensure suitability for intended use. See the "How to Quantify Recoveries" section.

Rinsing Before Use

The ultrafiltration membranes in Amicon® Ultra-15 devices contain trace amounts of glycerine. If this material interferes with analysis, rinse the device with buffer or Milli-Q $^{\circ}$ water before use. If interference continues, rinse with 0.1 N NaOH followed by a second spin of buffer or Milli-Q $^{\circ}$ water.

CAUTION: Do not allow the membrane in Amicon® Ultra filter devices to dry out once wet. If you are not using the device immediately after rinsing, leave fluid on the membrane until the device is used.

How to Use Amicon® Ultra-15 Centrifugal Filter Devices

- 1. Add up to 15 mL of sample (12 mL if using a fixed-angle rotor) to the Amicon® Ultra filter device.
- 2. Place capped filter device into centrifuge rotor; counterbalance with a similar device.
- 3. When using a swinging-bucket rotor, spin the device at 4,000 × g maximum for approximately 15–60 minutes.

When using a fixed-angle rotor, orient the device with the membrane panel facing up and spin at $5,000 \times g$ maximum for approximately 15-60 minutes.

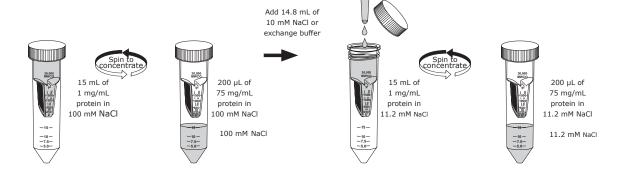
NOTE: Refer to Figures 1 and 2, and Tables 1 and 2 for typical spin times.

4. To recover the concentrated solute, insert a pipettor into the bottom of the filter device and withdraw the sample using a side-to-side sweeping motion to ensure total recovery. The ultrafiltrate can be stored in the centrifuge tube.

NOTE: For optimal recovery, remove concentrated sample immediately after centrifugation.

Desalting or Diafiltration

Desalting, buffer exchange, or diafiltration are important methods for removing salts or solvents in solutions containing biomolecules. The removal of salts or the exchange of buffers can be accomplished in the Amicon® Ultra-15 device by concentrating the sample, then reconstituting the concentrate to the original sample volume with any desired solvent. The process of "washing out" can be repeated until the concentration of the contaminating microsolute has been sufficiently reduced. See example below.



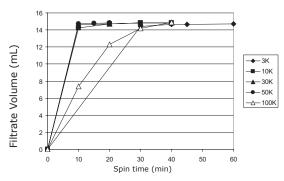
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Performance - Protein Concentration

Flow Rate

Factors affecting flow rate include sample concentration, starting volume, chemical nature of solute, relative centrifugal force, centrifuge rotor angle, membrane type, and temperature. Figures 1 and 2, and Tables 1 and 2 can be used to estimate the time required to achieve a given volume of filtrate or concentrate for a variety of protein markers. A typical spin time for a 15 mL sample is approximately 15 to 60 minutes (depending on device molecular weight cutoff). While most of the sample is filtered in the first 15 to 30 minutes of centrifugation, the lowest concentrate volume $(150-300 \ \mu\text{L})$ is reached after spinning for 15 to 60 minutes.

Figure 1. Typical Filtrate Volume vs. Spin Time (Swinging-bucket) rotor) Figure 2. Typical Filtrate Volume vs. Spin Time (Fixed-angle rotor)

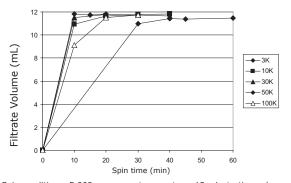


Spin conditions: $4,000 \times g$, room temperature, 15 mL starting volume. Protein markers used: Cytochrome c for 3K and 10K, BSA for 30K and 50K, and IgG for 100K, n=6.

Table 1. Typical Concentrate Volume vs. Spin Time (Swinging-bucket rotor)

	Concentrate volume (µL)						
Spin time	pin time 3K		30K	50K	100K		
(min)	device	device	device	device	device		
10	-	668	361	249	7,420		
15	-	_	_	201	-		
20	-	219	206	175	2,216		
30	537	145	155	_	244		
40	331	146	135	-	141		
45	299	_	-	-	-		
60	209	_	_	_	_		

Spin conditions: $4,000\times g$, room temperature, 15 mL starting volume. Protein markers used: Cytochrome c for 3K and 10K, BSA for 30K and 50K, and IgG for 100K, n=6 (mean value of 3 device lots). Shaded volumes were used for the calculation of protein recovery in Table 4.



Spin conditions: 5,000 \times g, room temperature, 12 mL starting volume. Protein markers used: Cytochrome c for 3K and 10K, BSA for 30K and 50K, and IgG for 100K, n=6.

Table 2. Typical Concentrate Volume vs. Spin Time (Fixed-angle rotor)

	Concentrate volume (µL)						
Spin time (min)	3K device	10K device	30K device	50K device	100K device		
10	-	994	411	136	2,760		
15	_	_	_	113	_		
20	_	273	140	91	400		
30	947	159	111	_	166		
40	529	101	90	-	_		
45	462	-	_	-	1		
60	268	_	_	_	_		

Spin conditions: $5,000 \times g$, room temperature, 12 mL starting volume. Protein markers used: Cytochrome c for 3K and 10K, BSA for 30K and 50K, and 1gG for 100K, n=6 (mean value of 3 device lots). Shaded volumes were used for the calculation of protein recovery in Table 4.

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Protein Retention and Concentrate Recovery

The membranes used in Amicon® Ultra devices are characterized by a molecular weight cutoff (MWCO); that is, their ability to retain molecules above a specified molecular weight. Solutes with molecular weights close to the MWCO may be only partially retained. Membrane retention depends on the solute's molecular size and shape. For most applications, molecular weight is a convenient parameter to use in assessing retention characteristics. For best results, use a membrane with a MWCO at least two times smaller than the molecular weight of the protein solute that one intends to concentrate. Refer to Table 3.

Table 3. Typical Retention of Protein Markers

	Molecular	Device	% Retention Swinging-	% Retention	Spin Time
Marker/Concentration	Weight	MWCO	bucket	Fixed-angle	(min)
α-Chymotrypsinogen (1 mg/mL)	25,000	3K	> 95	> 95	60
Cytochrome c (0.25 mg/mL)	12,400		>95	> 95	60
Vitamin B-12 (0.2 mg/mL)	1,350		< 25	< 25	60
a-Chymotrypsinogen (1 mg/mL)	25,000	10K	> 95	> 95	30
Cytochrome c (0.25 mg/mL)	12,400		> 95	> 95	30
Vitamin B-12 (0.2 mg/mL)	1,350		< 5	< 5	30
BSA (1 mg/mL)	67,000	30K	> 95	> 95	20
Ovalbumin (1 mg/mL)	45,000		> 95	> 95	20
Cytochrome c (0.25 mg/mL)	12,400		< 10	< 10	20
Vitamin B-12 (0.2 mg/mL)	1,350		< 5	< 5	20
BSA (1 mg/mL)	67,000	50K	> 90	> 90	10
Ovalbumin (1 mg/mL)	45,000		~65	~ 55	10
Cytochrome c (0.25 mg/mL)	12,400		< 5	< 5	10
Thyroglobulin (0.5 mg/mL)	677,000	100K	>90	>90	20
IgG (1 mg/mL)	156,000		>90	>90	20
Ovalbumin (1 mg/mL)	45,000		< 25	< 15	20

Spin Conditions: Swinging-bucket rotor ($4,000 \times g$, 15 mL starting volume), or fixed-angle rotor, ($5,000 \times g$, 12 mL starting volume), room temperature, n=6 (mean value of 3 device lots).

Factors that determine sample recovery include the nature of the protein solute relative to the device MWCO chosen, starting concentration, and concentration factor. Table 4 provides typical recoveries for Amicon® Ultra-15 devices.

Table 4. Typical Concentrate Recovery

			Concentrate Volume (µL)		Concentration Factor (X)		Concentrate Recovery (%)	
Marker/	Device	Spin Time	Swinging-	Fixed-	Swinging-	Fixed-	Swinging-	Fixed-
Concentration	MWCO	(min)	bucket	angle	bucket	angle	bucket	angle
Cytochrome c (0.25 mg/mL)	3K	60	209	268	73.8	44.6	93.8	94.4
Cytochrome c (0.25 mg/mL)	10K	20	219	273	71.4	44.8	95.9	95.1
BSA (1 mg/mL)	30K	20	206	140	72.8	85.5	96.2	95.5
BSA (1 mg/mL)	50K	15	201	113	77.7	106.8	90.7	92.0
IgG (1 mg/mL)	100K	30	244	166	67.6	71.9	81.0	82.9

Spin Conditions: Swinging-bucket rotor $(4,000 \times g, 15 \text{ mL starting volume})$, or fixed-angle rotor, $(5,000 \times g, 12 \text{ mL starting volume})$, room temperature, n=6 (mean value of 3 device lots). The shaded volumes were taken from Tables 1 and 2.

Maximizing Sample Recovery

Low sample recovery in the concentrate may be due to adsorptive losses, over-concentration, or passage of sample through the membrane.

- Adsorptive losses depend upon solute concentration, its hydrophobic nature, temperature and time of contact with filter device surfaces, sample composition, and pH. To minimize losses, remove concentrated samples immediately after centrifugal spin.
- If the starting sample concentration is high, monitor the centrifugation process in order to avoid over-concentration of the sample. Over-concentration can lead to precipitation and potential sample loss.
- If the sample appears to be passing through the membrane, choose a lower MWCO Amicon® Ultra-15 device.

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How to Quantify Recoveries

Calculate total recovery, percent concentrate recovery, and percent filtrate recovery using the method below. The procedure provides a close approximation of recoveries for solutions having concentrations up to roughly 20 mg/mL.

NOTE: Appropriate assay techniques include absorption spectrophotometry, radioimmunoassay, refractive index, and conductivity.

Direct Weighing Procedure

The density of most dilute proteins is nearly equal to the density of water (i.e., 1 g/mL). Using this property, the concentrate and filtrate volumes can be quantified by weighing them and converting the units from grams to milliliters. This technique is valid only for solutions with concentrations of approximately 20 mg/mL or less.

- 1. Before use, separately weigh the empty filter device, the centrifuge tube, and an empty tube for concentrate collection.
- 2. Fill filter device with solution and reweigh.
- 3. Assemble device and centrifuge per instructions.
- 4. Collect the concentrate with a pipettor and dispense it into the preweighed concentrate collection tube.
- 5. Remove the device from the centrifuge tube and weigh the centrifuge tube and concentrate collection tube.
- 6. Subtract weight of empty device/tubes to calculate weights of starting material, filtrate, and concentrate.
- 7. Assay the starting material, filtrate, and concentrate to determine solute concentration.
- 8. Calculate recoveries using the weight/volume data and the measured concentrations as follows:

% concentrate recovery = 100
$$\times \frac{W_c \times C_c}{W_o \times C_o}$$

% filtrate recovery = 100
$$\times \frac{W_f \times C_f}{W_o \times C_o}$$

% total recovery = % concentrate recovery + % filtrate recovery

 W_c = total weight of concentrate before assay

Wo = weight of original starting material

W_f = weight of filtrate

C_c = concentrate concentration

C_o = original starting material concentration

C_f = filtrate concentration

Specifications

Maximum initial sample	Maximum initial sample volume						
Swinging-bucket		15.0 mL					
Fixed-angle rotor (23º)	12.0 mL					
Typical final concentrate	e volume	150-300 µL					
Maximum relative centr	ifugal forc	e					
Swinging-bucket rotor		4,000 × g					
Fixed-angle rotor		5,000 x g					
Active membrane area		7.6 cm ²					
Dimensions							
Filter device in tube (c	apped)						
Length: 119 mm	(4.7 in.)	Diameter: 33.5 mm (1.3 in.)					
Filter device							
Length: 72 mm (2	2.8 in.)	Diameter: 29.7 mm (1.2 in.)					
Materials of Constructio	Materials of Construction						
Filter device	Copolyme	er styrene/butadiene					
Membrane	Ultracel®	low binding regenerated cellulose					
Filtrate tube	Polypropy	lene					
Filtrate cap and liner	Polyethyle	ene					

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Chemical Compatibility

Amicon® Ultra centrifugal devices are intended for use with biological fluids and aqueous solutions. Before use, check the sample for chemical compatibility with the device.

Table 5. Chemical Compatibility of Amicon® Ultra Filter Devices

	cibility of Amineon	Oltra Filter Devices	
Acids	Concentration		Concentration
Acetic acid	≤50%*	Phosphoric acid	≤30%
Formic acid	≤5%*	Sulfamic acid	≤3%
Hydrochloric acid	≤1.0 M	Sulfuric acid	≤3%
Lactic acid	≤50%	Trichloroacetic acid (TCA)	≤10%*
Nitric acid	≤10%	Trifluoroacetic acid (TFA)	≤30%*
Alkalis			
Ammonium hydroxide	≤10%	Sodium hydroxide	≤0.5 M
Alcohols			
n-Butanol	≤70%	Isopropanol	≤ 70%
Ethanol	≤70%	Methanol	≤60%
Detergents			
Alconox® detergent	≤1%	Sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS)	≤0.1%
CHAPS detergent	≤0.1%	Tergazyme™ detergent	≤1%
Lubrol® PX detergent	≤0.1%	Triton® X-100 surfactant	≤0.1%
Nonidet® P-40 surfactant	≤2%	Tween® 20 surfactant	≤0.1%
Sodium deoxycholate	≤5%		
Organic solvents			
Acetone	not recommended	Ethyl acetate	not recommended
Acetonitrile	≤20%	Formaldehyde	≤5%
Benzene	not recommended	Pyridine	not recommended
Carbon tetrachloride	not recommended	Tetrahydrofuran	not recommended
Chloroform	not recommended	Toluene	not recommended
Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	≤5%*		
Miscellaneous			1
Ammonium sulfate	Saturated	Phenol	≤1%
Diethyl pyrocarbonate	≤0.2%	Phosphate buffer (pH 8.2)	≤1 M
Dithiothreitol (DTT)	≤0.1 M	Polyethylene glycol	≤10%
Glycerine	≤70%	Sodium carbonate	≤20%
Guanidine HCI	≤6 M	Tris buffer (pH 8.2)	≤1 M
Imidazole	≤100 mM	Urea	≤8 M
Mercaptoethanol	≤0.1 M		

^{*} Contact with this chemical may cause materials to leach out of the component parts. Solvent blanks are recommended to determine whether leachables represent potential assay interferences.

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Product Ordering Information

This section lists the catalogue numbers for Amicon® Ultra Centrifugal Filter Devices. See the Technical Assistance section for contact information. You can purchase these products on-line at www.sigmaaldrich.com/products.

мwсо	Qty/ pk	Amicon® Ultra-0.5 device	Amicon® Ultra-2 device	Amicon® Ultra-4 device	Amicon® Ultra-15 device
	8	UFC500308		UFC800308	UFC900308
	24	UFC500324	UFC200324	UFC800324	UFC900324
3K	96	UFC500396		UFC800396	UFC900396
	500	UFC5003BK			
	8	UFC501008		UFC801008	UFC901008
	24	UFC501024	UFC201024	UFC801024	UFC901024
10K	96	UFC501096		UFC801096	UFC901096
	500	UFC5010BK			
10K IVD*	8			UFC801008D	UFC901008D
	24			UFC801024D	UFC901024D
	96			UFC801096D	UFC901096D
	8	UFC503008		UFC803008	UFC903008
30K	24	UFC503024	UFC203024	UFC803024	UFC903024
JUK	96	UFC503096		UFC803096	UFC903096
	500	UFC5030BK			
	8	UFC505008		UFC805008	UFC905008
	24	UFC505024	UFC205024	UFC805024	UFC905024
50K	96	UFC505096		UFC805096	UFC905096
	500	UFC5050BK			
	8	UFC510008		UFC810008	UFC910008
4001/	24	UFC510024	UFC210024	UFC810024	UFC910024
100K	96	UFC510096		UFC810096	UFC910096
	500	UFC5100BK			

Amicon® Ultra-4 and -15 10K devices are for in vitro diagnostic (IVD) use. All other devices are for research use only.

Notice

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For the location of the office nearest you, go to www.sigmaaldrich.com/offices.

Technical Assistance

Visit the tech service page on our web site at www.sigmaaldrich.com/techservice.

Standard Warranty

The applicable warranty for the products listed in this publication may be found at www.sigmaaldrich.com/terms ("Conditions of Sale").

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