

Product Information

Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR Kits

XNAB2, XNAB2E, XNAB2R, P8115

Product Description

The Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR Kits contain all the reagents needed to rapidly extract and amplify human genomic DNA from whole blood, whole blood dried on a blood card, and cultured mammalian cells. Briefly, DNA is released by incubating the sample with the Lysis Solution at room temperature for 5 minutes for whole blood, at 55 °C for 15 minutes for blood cards, or at 75 °C for 5-10 minutes for cell monolayers. After adding the Neutralization Solution, the extract is ready for PCR.

An aliquot of the neutralized extract is then combined with the Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR ReadyMix and user-provided PCR primers to amplify the target DNA. The Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR ReadyMix is a 2X reaction mixture containing buffer, salts, dNTPs, and *Taq* polymerase. It also contains the JumpStart™ antibody for hot start PCR to enhance specificity. Note that the Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR ReadyMix has the same formulation as the REExtract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR ReadyMix, except that the red dye is omitted. This allows for use with detection methods in which the dye interferes.

		XNAB2	XNAB2E	XNAB2R
	Cat. No.	100 preps, 100 PCRs	100 preps, 500 PCRs	1,000 preps, 1,000 PCRs
Reagents Provided				
Lysis Solution for Blood	L3289	2.5 mL	2.5 mL	25 mL
Neutralization Solution for Blood	N9784	25 mL	25 mL	250 mL
Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR ReadyMix This is a 2X PCR reaction mix containing buffer, salts, dNTPs, <i>Taq</i> polymerase, and JumpStart™ antibody.	P8115	1.2 mL	5 x 1.2 mL	12 mL

Reagents and Equipment Required

(Not provided)

- Microcentrifuge tubes or multi-well plate for extractions (200 µL minimal volume)
- Punch and cards for dried blood
- Incubator or oven for blood cards (55 °C) or monolayer cells (75 °C)
- Tubes or plate for PCR
- Thermal cycler
- PCR primers, Cat. No. OLIGO
- Water, PCR reagent, Cat. No. W1754

Storage/Stability

The Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR Kits can be stored at 2-8 °C on a short-term basis up to 3 weeks. For long-term storage greater than 3 weeks, -20 °C is recommended. Do not store in a "frost-free" freezer.

Precautions and Disclaimer

The Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR Kits are for R&D use only. Not for drug, household or other uses. The Lysis Solution is caustic. Avoid contact with skin. Wear gloves, safety glasses, and suitable protective clothing when handling this or any other reagent provided with the kit. Consult the Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

Procedure

All steps are carried out at room temperature unless otherwise noted.

DNA extraction from whole blood

1. Collect blood into tubes containing EDTA, sodium citrate, or sodium heparin. The best results may be obtained with EDTA or sodium citrate. Mix thoroughly by inversion or rocking.

Note: For non-human sources, collect blood into tripotassium EDTA, Cat. No. E0270, at a final concentration of 5 mM to prevent coagulation.

2. Place 20 µL of the Lysis Solution for Blood into a microcentrifuge tube or well of a multi-well plate for each extraction.
3. Add 10 µL of blood. Mix thoroughly by vortexing or pipetting.
4. Incubate at room temperature for 5 minutes.
5. Add 180 µL of the Neutralization Solution for Blood. Mix thoroughly by vortexing or pipetting.
6. Store the neutralized blood extract at 4 °C or use 2 µL immediately in PCR. Continue to [PCR amplification](#).

Note: DNA is stable in the extract for at least 6 months at 4 °C.

DNA extraction from blood cards

1. Collect the blood sample onto a collection card, Cat. No. WHAWB100014 Allow to dry completely.
2. Punch a disk (preferably 1/8 inch or 3 mm) from the blood card and place into a microcentrifuge tube. Make sure that the punch contains as much of the blood-stained area as possible.
3. Pipette 20 µL of the Lysis Solution for Blood onto the blood card punch. Samples can be spun in a microcentrifuge for a few seconds to force the solution into the punch.
4. Incubate at 55 °C for 15 minutes.

5. Add 180 µL of the Neutralization Solution for Blood. Mix thoroughly by vortexing or pipetting.
6. Store the neutralized blood extract at 4 °C or use 2 µL immediately in PCR. Continue with [PCR amplification](#).

Note: DNA is stable in the extract for at least 6 months at 4 °C.

DNA extraction from cultured mammalian cells

1. Grow monolayer cells in a multi-well plate until 90 to 95% confluent.
2. Aspirate the medium from the wells using a pipette tip connected to the vacuum system. The medium must be removed completely.
3. Add 20 µL of the Lysis Solution for Blood to the wells.

Note: It is preferred at this point to seal the plate with AlumaSeal® II Film, Cat. No. A2350, to prevent loss by evaporation during incubation in step 4. The Alumaseal® plate seal can be pierced with a pipette tip to add the Neutralization Solution for Blood in step 5. A new layer of AlumaSeal® plate seal can be placed over the original layer to reseal the plate for storage.

4. Incubate the plate at 75 °C for 5 to 10 minutes (for a 24-well plate, 5 minutes is recommended to avoid over drying the samples).
5. Add 180 µL of the Neutralization Solution for Blood to each of the wells. Mix the samples by pipetting up and down.
6. Store the neutralized cell extract at 4 °C or use 2 µL immediately in PCR. Continue [PCR amplification](#).

Note: DNA is stable in the extract for at least 6 months at 4 °C.

PCR amplification

The Extract-N-Amp™ Blood PCR ReadyMix contains the JumpStart™ antibody for specific hot start amplification. Therefore, PCR reactions can be assembled at room temperature without premature *Taq* DNA polymerase activity.

Typical final primer concentrations are approximately 0.4 µM each. The optimal primer concentration and cycling parameters will depend on the system used.

1. Add the following reagents to a thin-walled PCR microcentrifuge tube or plate:

Reagent	Volume
Water, PCR Reagent	Variable
Extract-N-Amp Blood PCR ReadyMix	10 μ L
Forward primer	Variable
Reverse primer	Variable
Neutralized blood extract	2 μ L
Total volume	20 μ L

Note: The neutralized blood extract may inhibit PCR amplification of products larger than 2 kb. Neutralization Solution B, Cat. No. N3910, can be used overcome this inhibition and allows successful amplification of longer PCR products. Add 1 μ L of Neutralization Solution B to each reaction. Neutralization Solution B is not part of this kit and must be purchased separately.

2. Mix gently.
3. For thermal cyclers without a heated lid, add 20 μ L of mineral oil on top of the mixture in each tube to prevent evaporation.

4. Perform thermal cycling. The amplification parameters should be optimized for individual primers, template, and thermal cycler (see References for guidance).

Common cycling parameters

Step	Temp.	Time	Cycles
Initial Denaturation	94-96 °C	3 minutes	1
Denaturation	94-96 °C	0.5-1 minutes	
Annealing	45-68 °C	0.5-1 minutes	30-40
Extension	72 °C	1-2 minutes (~1 kb/min)	
Final Extension	72 °C	10 minutes	1
Hold	4 °C	Indefinitely	

5. The amplified DNA can be loaded onto an agarose gel after the PCR is completed with the addition of a separate loading buffer/tracking dye such as Gel Loading Solution, Cat. No. G2526.

Note: PCR products can be purified, if desired, for applications such as sequencing with the GenElute™ PCR Clean-Up Kit, Cat. No. NA1020.

Troubleshooting Guide

Problem	Cause	Solution
Little or no PCR product is detected.	PCR reaction is inhibited due to contaminants in the blood extract.	Use less extract or dilute the extract with water and repeat PCR. To test for inhibition, include a DNA control and/or add a known amount of template (100-500 copies) into the PCR mixture along with the blood extract.
	A PCR component is missing or degraded.	Run a positive control to ensure components are functioning. A checklist is also recommended when assembling reactions.
	Too few cycles are performed.	Increase the number of cycles (5-10 additional cycles at a time).
	The annealing temperature is too high.	Decrease the annealing temperature in 2-4 °C increments.
	The primers are not designed optimally.	Confirm the accuracy of the sequence information. If the primers are less than 22 nucleotides long, try to lengthen the primer to 25-30 nucleotides. If the primer has a GC content of less than 45%, try to redesign the primer with a GC content of 45-60%.
	The extension time is too short.	Increase the extension time in 1-minute increments, especially for long templates.
Multiple products are seen.	The target template is complex.	In most cases, inherently complex targets are due to unusually high GC content and/or secondary structure. Betaine has been reported to help amplification of high GC content templates at a concentration of 1.0-1.7 M.
	JumpStart™ antibody is not working correctly.	Do not use DMSO or formamide with Extract-N-Amp™ PCR ReadyMix. It can interfere with the enzyme-antibody complex. Other solvents, salts, extremes in pH, or other reaction conditions may reduce the affinity of the JumpStart™ antibody for the <i>Taq</i> polymerase and thereby compromise its effectiveness.
Negative control shows a PCR product, or “false positive” results are obtained.	Touchdown PCR may be needed.	“Touchdown” PCR significantly improves the specificity of many PCR reactions in various applications. Touchdown PCR uses an annealing/extension temperature that is higher than the T _m of the primers during the initial PCR cycles. The annealing/extension temperature is then reduced to the primer T _m for the remaining PCR cycles. The change can be performed in a single step or in increments over several cycles.
	Reagents are contaminated.	Include a reagent blank without DNA template be included as a control in every PCR run to determine if the reagents used in extraction or PCR are contaminated with a template from a previous reaction.

Product Ordering

Order products online at SigmaAldrich.com.

Related Products	Cat. No.
PCR 96-well plates	Z374903
PCR 384-well plates	Z374911
Sealing mats and tape	Z374938
AlumaSeal® II	A2350
EDTA, tripotassium salt dihydrate	E0270
PCR microtubes	Z374873; Z374962; Z374881
Collection Card	WHAWB100014
Neutralization Solution B	N3910
Mineral Oil	M8662
PCR Marker	P9577
Precast Agarose Gels	P6097
TBE Buffer	T4415; T6400; T9525
GenElute™ PCR Clean-Up Kit	NA1020
Gel Loading Solution	G2526

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XNAB2pis Rev 09/22