

3050 Spruce Street, St. Louis, MO 63103 USA
Tel: (800) 521-8956 (314) 771-5765 Fax: (800) 325-5052 (314) 771-5757
email: techservice@sial.com sigma-aldrich.com

# **Product Information**

# Carbonic Anhydrase II, human recombinant, expressed in *Escherichia coli*

Catalog Number **C6624** Storage Temperature –20 °C

Synonym: CA II

# **Product Description**

Carbonic anhydrases (CA) are a family of enzymes that catalyze the rapid conversion of carbon dioxide to bicarbonate and protons, a reaction that occurs rather slowly in the absence of a catalyst. The active site of most carbonic anhydrases contains a zinc ion. They are, therefore, classified as metalloenzymes. 1-2

Carbonic anhydrases are widely distributed in plant and animal tissues where they are involved in diverse physiological processes, such as photosynthesis, pH homeostasis, calcification, and bone resorption.

There are at least five distinct CA families  $(\alpha, \beta, \gamma, \delta,$  and  $\epsilon)$ . These families have no significant amino acid sequence similarity and, in most cases, are thought to be an example of convergent evolution. The  $\alpha$ -CAs are found in humans. At least 14 isoforms of  $\alpha$ -CA have been identified in vertebrates with different physiological and pathological roles. The enzymes can be localized in the cytosol or mitochondria, be membrane bound with extracellular domains, or be secreted.  $^{2.4}$ 

Carbonic anhydrase II (CA II) is a cytosolic, ~29 kDa protein. It is required for kidney renal acidification and its absence in an inherited syndrome leads to osteoporosis, renal tubular acidosis, and cerebral calcification.<sup>5-7</sup> In addition, it has long been a drug target for the treatment of glaucoma, but has taken on new importance as potential target for obesity and cancer.<sup>8-12</sup>

The product is supplied as a solution in 20 mM Tris, pH 7.5, with 150 mM NaCl.

Purity: ≥90% (SDS-PAGE)

# Enzyme activity:

1. Conversion of carbon dioxide to bicarbonate:

$$CO_2 + H_2O \rightarrow HCO_3 + H^+$$

Specific activity: ≥5,000 units/mg

Unit Definition: One unit will decrease the pH of a 20 mM Tris buffer from pH 8.3 to 6.3 in 1 minute at 0  $^{\circ}$ C.

2. Esterase activity:

*p*-nitrophenyl acetate +  $H_2O \rightarrow p$ -nitrophenol + acetate

The increase in the amount of the product, *p*-nitrophenol, is measured as absorbance increases at 405 nm.

Specific activity: ≥2 nmole/min/µg

## **Precautions and Disclaimer**

This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

## Storage/Stability

Store the product at –20 °C. The product is stable for at least 2 years as supplied.

After initial thawing, the enzyme should be refrozen at -20 °C in aliquots.

#### References

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