For life science research only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.



# Anti-c-myc from mouse IgG<sub>1</sub> κ

Version: 07
Content Version: June 2021

Mouse monoclonal antibody (clone 9E10)

**Cat. No. 11 667 149 001** 200 μg **Cat. No. 11 667 203 001** 5 mg 1 ml

Store the product at -15 to -25°C.

1.	General Information	3
1.1.	Contents	3
1.2.	Storage and Stability	3
	Storage Conditions (Product)	3
1.3.	Additional Equipment and Reagent required	3
1.4.	Application	3
2.	How to Use this Product	4
2.1.	Before you Begin	4
	General Considerations	4
	Epitope tagging	
	Working Solution	
2.2.	Protocols	
0.0	Western blotting	
2.3.	Parameters Epitope	
	Purity	
	Specificity	
3.	Additional Information on this Product	6
3.1.	Test Principle	6
	Background information	6
	Preparation	6
3.2.	Quality Control	6
4.	Supplementary Information	7
4.1.	Conventions	7
4.2.	Changes to previous version	7
4.3.	Ordering Information	7
4.4.	Trademarks	8
4.5.	License Disclaimer	8
4.6.	Regulatory Disclaimer	8
4.7.	Safety Data Sheet	8
4.8.	Contact and Support	8

#### 1. General Information

#### 1.1. Contents

Vial / bottle	Label	Function / description	Catalog number	Content
1	Anti-c-myc (clone 9E10)	<ul><li>White lyophilizate in PBS.</li><li>0.2% gelatin for stability.</li></ul>	11 667 149 001	1 vial, 200 μg
		<ul><li>Frozen liquid in PBS, pH 7.4</li><li>5 mg/ml</li></ul>	11 667 203 001	1 vial, 1 ml

## 1.2. Storage and Stability

#### **Storage Conditions (Product)**

When stored at -15 to -25°C, the product is stable through the expiry date printed on the label.

Vial / Bottle	Label	Storage
1	Anti-c-myc	Store at −15 to −25°C.

# 1.3. Additional Equipment and Reagent required

#### For reconstitution and dilution of Anti-c-myc

- PBS\*
- Tris-buffered saline (TBS)
- Tween 20\*

#### For western blotting

- See section, Working Solution for additional information on preparing solutions.
- SDS gel electrophoresis equipment
- PVDF Membranes\*
- Western Blocking Reagent\*
- PBS\*
- Tween 20\*
- Secondary, Peroxidase-conjugated anti-mouse antibody
- Lumi-Light Western Blotting Substrate\*
- X-ray film or Lumi-Film Chemiluminescent Detection Film\*

## 1.4. Application

Anti-c-myc (clone 9E10) allows detection of native human c-myc protein and recombinant epitope-tagged proteins that contain the c-myc epitope in numerous applications, such as:

- Immunoblotting, such as western and dot blots
- Immunocytochemistry
- Immunoprecipitation

## 2. How to Use this Product

## 2.1. Before you Begin

#### **General Considerations**

#### **Epitope tagging**

Before using Anti-c-myc to analyze the product of your target gene, incorporate the 30-base DNA sequence that encodes the c-myc epitope into the target gene sequence by one of the following methods:

- Prepare oligonucleotide linkers that can encode the c-myc epitope, and clone the linkers into the target gene at the desired N-terminal, C-terminal, or internal site.
- Insert the c-myc peptide coding sequence into the target gene by oligonucleotide-mediated site-directed mutagenesis.

## **Working Solution**

Solution	Composition/Preparation	For use in
Anti-c-myc (9E10) stock solution	<ul> <li>Add 500 µl PBS* to the lyophilizate to a final concentration of 0.4 mg/ml.</li> <li>Store in aliquots at −15 to −25°C.</li> <li>Avoid repeated freezing and thawing.</li> </ul>	Anti-c-myc (9E10) working solution
Anti-c-myc (9E10) working solution	Dilute the Anti-c-myc (9E10) stock solution with Dilution buffer to a final concentration of 1 to 10 µg/ml  i Determine optimal dilution buffer and dilution conditions for each specific application and method.	Detection
Anti-c-myc (9E10) working solution for western blot	Dilute the Anti-c-myc (9E10) stock solution with Blocking solution B to a final concentration of 1 µg/ml.	Detection
Anti-POD-conjugated antibody	Dilute the secondary, POD-conjugated antibody with Blocking solution B to a final concentration of 1:4,000.	Detection
Transfer buffer	20% methanol, 24 mM Tris base, 194 mM glycine.	Western blot transfer
Washing buffer (PBST)	Dilute Tween 20* to 0.1% (v/v) final concentration in PBS, pH 7.5.	Washing
Dilution buffer	Dilute Tween 20* to 0.1% (v/v) final concentration in TBS.	Anti-c-myc (9E10) working solution and Anti-POD-conjugated antibody
Blocking solution A	1x PBST, containing 10% (w/v) Western Blocking Reagent*.	Blocking
Blocking solution B	1x PBST, containing 5% (w/v) Western Blocking Reagent*.	Anti-c-myc (9E10) working solution for western blot

#### 2.2. Protocols

#### Western blotting

The following method has been developed for the Anti-c-myc antibody. Optimization for specific experimental systems may be required.

- 3 See section, Working Solution for additional information on preparing solutions.
- 1 Lyse cells containing the c-myc epitope and prepare the lysates for SDS gel electrophoresis.
- Perform electrophoresis on cell lysates.
- 3 Perform western blot transfer to a PVDF membrane\* in transfer buffer.
- 4 Transfer the membrane to a tray.
  - Incubate for 1 hour at +15 to +25°C or overnight at +2 to +8°C with Blocking solution A.
- 5 Wash membrane 3 × with Washing buffer.
- 6 Incubate the blot with Anti-c-myc (9E10) working solution for western blot for 1 to 2 hours at +15 to +25°C with gentle rotation.
- Wash the membrane 3 × with Washing buffer.
- 8 Incubate the membrane with the secondary, POD-conjugated antibody for 1 hour at +15 to +25°C with gentle rotation.
- 9 Wash the membrane 3 × with Washing buffer.
- Prepare Lumi-Light Western Blotting Substrate\* according to the Instructions for Use.
  - Apply Lumi-Light Substrate to the membrane.
- **11** Expose the membrane to X-ray film or Lumi-Film\*.
  - For a 1 minute substrate development, initially perform a 1 to 5 minute film exposure.
  - The conditions for development and exposure may vary.

#### 2.3. Parameters

## **Epitope**

**EQKLISEEDL** 

## **Purity**

≥90% as determined by SDS-PAGE and HPLC.

## **Specificity**

Anti-c-myc recognizes the 9E10 epitope (sequence EQKLISEEDL), which was derived from the human c-myc protein. The monoclonal antibody against the c-myc epitope is well characterized and does not cross-react with other cellular proteins. The antibody recognizes its antigenic determinant even when the c-myc-peptide epitope is introduced into unrelated recombinant proteins by a technique known as epitope tagging.

#### 3. Additional Information on this Product

## 3.1. Test Principle

#### **Background information**

Anti-c-myc was originally developed to study c-myc, one of a family of nuclear proteins that were found in several types of human tumors. Subsequent studies used anti-c-myc to detect and purify proteins whose DNA coding sequences were fused to the coding sequence of the c-myc epitope by recombinant DNA techniques. Epitope tagging studies can be used to:

- Determine size, intracellular localization, and abundance of proteins produced by newly discovered genes.
- Track intra-compartmental sorting of a family of proteins.
- Analyze the function of individual protein domains.
- Verify post-translational modification of proteins.
- Monitor fate of transfected proteins.
- Monitor receptor binding and internalization of exogenous proteins.
- Discover the function of proteins that are difficult to purify or share epitopes with a number of other proteins.
- Study the effects of over-expressed proteins on cellular processes.

#### **Preparation**

Clone 9E10 was obtained by immunizing BALB/c mice with the peptide AEEQKLISEEDLLRKRREQLKHKLEQLRNSCA, which corresponds to amino acid residues 408 to 439 in the human c-myc protein.

- (1) Spleen cells were then fused with SP2/0 myeloma cells to produce the 9E10 hybridoma clone.
- (2) Antibody was produced by cells cultured in a fetal calf serum-supplemented culture medium.
- 3 After purification with Protein G, the antibody was either lyophilized in a 200 μg pack size or stored as a 5 mg liquid pack size.

## 3.2. Quality Control

For lot-specific certificates of analysis, see section, Contact and Support.

# 4. Supplementary Information

#### 4.1. Conventions

To make information consistent and easier to read, the following text conventions and symbols are used in this document to highlight important information:

Text convention and symbols		
1 Information Note: Additional information about the current topic or procedure.		
⚠ Important Note: Information critical to the success of the current procedure or use of the product.		
1 2 3 etc.	Stages in a process that usually occur in the order listed.	
1 2 3 etc.	Steps in a procedure that must be performed in the order listed.	
* (Asterisk)	The Asterisk denotes a product available from Roche Diagnostics.	

# 4.2. Changes to previous version

Layout changes. Editorial changes.

# 4.3. Ordering Information

Product	Pack Size	Cat. No.
Reagents, kits		
PVDF Western Blotting Membranes	1 roll, 30 cm x 3.00 m	03 010 040 001
Tween 20	50 ml, 5 x 10 ml	11 332 465 001
Buffers in a Box, Premixed PBS Buffer, 10x	4	11 666 789 001
Western Blocking Reagent, Solution	100 ml, 10 blots, 100 cm <sup>2</sup>	11 921 673 001
	6 x 100 ml, 60 blots, 100 cm <sup>2</sup>	11 921 681 001
Lumi-Film Chemiluminescent Detection Film	100 films, 8 x 10 inches, 20.3 x 25.4 cm	11 666 657 001
Lumi-Light Western Blotting Substrate	1 kit, 4,000 cm <sup>2</sup> membrane, 400 blots with 10 x 10 cm	12 015 200 001

#### 4.4. Trademarks

All product names and trademarks are the property of their respective owners.

#### 4.5. License Disclaimer

For patent license limitations for individual products please refer to: **List of biochemical reagent products**.

### 4.6. Regulatory Disclaimer

For life science research only. Not for use in diagnostic procedures.

## 4.7. Safety Data Sheet

Please follow the instructions in the Safety Data Sheet (SDS).

## 4.8. Contact and Support

To ask questions, solve problems, suggest enhancements or report new applications, please visit our **Online Technical Support Site**.

To call, write, fax, or email us, visit **sigma-aldrich.com**, and select your home country. Country-specific contact information will be displayed.

