## SIGMA-ALDRICH®

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# **Product Information**

TBK1, active, GST tagged, human PRECISIO<sup>®</sup> Kinase recombinant, expressed in *Sf*9 cells

Catalog Number **SRP5089** Storage Temperature –70 °C

Synonyms: NAK, T2K, FLJ11330

#### **Product Description**

TBK1, also known as NAK or NF- $\kappa$ B-activating kinase, is an upstream protein kinase that can phosphorylate and activate the I $\kappa$ B kinases.<sup>1</sup> Activation of I $\kappa$ B kinases allows the phosphorylation of I $\kappa$ B protein, which is then degraded via the ubiquitination pathway. This mechanism allows the activation of the NF- $\kappa$ B transcriptional complex. TBK1 is a specific upstream regulator of I $\kappa$ B kinases and can also interact with the I $\kappa$ B protein TANK. TBK1 is a component of the virusactivated kinase that phosphorylate IRF3 and IRF7 allowing their dimerization and translocation to the nucleus, where they induce transcription of interferon.<sup>2</sup>

Recombinant, full-length, human TBK1 was expressed by baculovirus in *Sf*9 insect cells using an N-terminal GST tag. The gene accession number is BC034950. Recombinant protein stored in 50 mM Tris-HCI, pH 7.5, 150 mM NaCl, 10 mM glutathione, 0.1 mM EDTA, 0.25 mM DTT, 0.1 mM PMSF, and 25% glycerol.

Molecular mass: ~105 kDa

Purity: 70-95% (SDS-PAGE, see Figure 1)

Specific Activity: 259-351 nmole/min/mg (see Figure 2)

#### **Precautions and Disclaimer**

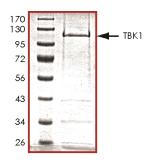
This product is for R&D use only, not for drug, household, or other uses. Please consult the Material Safety Data Sheet for information regarding hazards and safe handling practices.

#### Storage/Stability

The product ships on dry ice and storage at -70 °C is recommended. After opening, aliquot into smaller quantities and store at -70 °C. Avoid repeated handling and multiple freeze/thaw cycles.

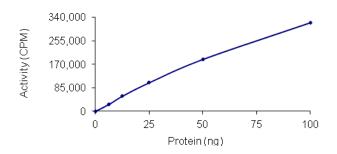
### Figure 1.

SDS-PAGE Gel of Typical Lot 70–95% (densitometry)



### Figure 2.

Specific Activity of Typical Lot 259–351 nmole/min/mg



### Procedure

Preparation Instructions

Kinase Assay Buffer – 25 mM MOPS, pH 7.2, 12.5 mM glycerol 2-phosphate, 25 mM MgCl<sub>2</sub>, 5 mM EGTA, and 2 mM EDTA. Just prior to use, add DTT to a final concentration of 0.25 mM.

Kinase Dilution Buffer – Dilute the Kinase Assay Buffer 5-fold with a 50  $ng/\mu l$  BSA.

Kinase Solution – Dilute the active TBK1  $(0.1 \ \mu g/\mu l)$ with Kinase Dilution Buffer to the desired concentration. <u>Note</u>: The specific activity plot may be used as a guideline (see Figure 2). It is recommended the researcher perform a serial dilution of active TBK1 kinase for optimal results.

10 mM ATP Stock Solution – Dissolve 55 mg of ATP in 10 ml of Kinase Assay Buffer. Store in 200  $\mu l$  aliquots at –20 °C.

 $\gamma$ -<sup>33</sup>P-ATP Assay Cocktail (250  $\mu$ M) – Combine 5.75 ml of Kinase Assay Buffer, 150  $\mu$ l of 10 mM ATP Stock Solution, 100  $\mu$ l of  $\gamma$ -<sup>33</sup>P-ATP (1 mCi/100  $\mu$ l). Store in 1 ml aliquots at –20 °C.

Substrate Solution – Dissolve the protein substrate in distilled water at a final concentration of 1 mg/ml.

1% phosphoric acid solution – Dilute 10 ml of concentrated phosphoric acid to a final volume of 1 L with water.

#### <u>Kinase Assay</u>

This assay involves the use of the <sup>33</sup>P radioisotope. All institutional guidelines regarding the use of radioisotopes should be followed.

- 1. Thaw the active TBK1, Kinase Assay Buffer, Substrate Solution, and Kinase Dilution Buffer on ice. The  $\gamma$ -<sup>33</sup>P-ATP Assay Cocktail may be thawed at room temperature.
- In a pre-cooled microcentrifuge tube, add the following solutions to a volume of 20 μl: 10 μl of Kinase Solution 5 μl of Substrate Solution
  - 5  $\mu l$  of cold water (4 °C)
- 3. Set up a blank control as outlined in step 2, substituting 5  $\mu$ l of cold water (4 °C) for the Substrate Solution.
- 4. Initiate each reaction with the addition of 5  $\mu$ l of the  $\gamma$ -<sup>33</sup>P-ATP Assay Cocktail, bringing the final reaction volume to 25  $\mu$ l. Incubate the mixture in a water bath at 30 °C for 15 minutes.
- 5. After the 15 minute incubation, stop the reaction by spotting 20  $\mu$ l of the reaction mixture onto an individually precut strip of phosphocellulose P81 paper.

- 6. Air dry the precut P81 strip and sequentially wash in the 1% phosphoric acid solution with constant gentle stirring. It is recommended the strips be washed a total of 3 times of ~10 minutes each.
- 7. Set up a radioactive control to measure the total  $\gamma^{-33}$ P-ATP counts introduced into the reaction. Spot 5 µl of the  $\gamma^{-33}$ P-ATP Assay Cocktail on a precut P81 strip. Dry the sample for 2 minutes and read the counts. Do not wash this sample.
- 8. Count the radioactivity on the P81 paper in the presence of scintillation fluid in a scintillation counter.
- 9. Determine the corrected cpm by subtracting the blank control value (see step 3) from each sample and calculate the kinase specific activity

#### Calculations:

1. Specific Radioactivity (SR) of ATP (cpm/nmole)

SR = <u>cpm of 5  $\mu$ l of  $\gamma$ -<sup>33</sup>P-ATP Assay Cocktail nmole of ATP</u>

cpm – value from control (step 7) nmole – 1.25 nmole (5 μl of 250 μM ATP Assay Cocktail)

2. Specific Kinase Activity (SA) (nmole/min/mg)

nmole/min/mg = 
$$\frac{\Delta \text{cpm} \times (25/20)}{\text{SR} \times \text{E} \times \text{T}}$$

SR = specific radioactivity of the ATP (cpm/nmole ATP)  $\triangle$ cpm = cpm of the sample – cpm of the blank (step 3) 25 = total reaction volume

20 = spot volume

T = reaction time (minutes)

E = amount of enzyme (mg)

#### References

- Tojima, Y. et al., NAK is an I-kappa-B kinaseactivating kinase. Nature, 404, 778-782 (2000).
- Sharma, S. et al., Triggering the interferon antiviral response through an IKK-related pathway. Science, **300**, 1148-1151 (2003).

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