

95586 XLD Agar (Xylose Lysine Deoxycholate Agar)

XLD Agar is a moderately selective and differential solid medium for the isolation of gram-negative enteric pathogens (like species from *Shigella* and *Salmonella*) from clinical and specimens or food products. Addition of xylose differentiate enteric pathogens from Shigella, the only enteric pathogens non-xylose fermenting. Deoxycholate inhibits gram-positive. Complex sodium thiosulfate-ferric ammonium citrate produces black-centered colonies when ferric ammonium citrate precipitates (H₂S production).

Composition:

Ingredients	Grams/Litre	
Yeast Extract	3.0	
Lactose	7.5	
Sucrose	7.5	
Xylose	3.5	
L-Lysine hydrochloride	5.0	
Sodium Chloride	5.0	
Ferric Ammonium Citrate	0.8	
Sodium Thiosulfate	6.8	
Sodium Deoxycholate	2.5	
Phenol Red	0.08	
Agar	15.0	
Final pH (at 25 °C) 7.4 ± 0.2		

Store prepared media below 8°C, protected from direct light. Store dehydrated powder, in a dry place, in tightly-sealed containers at 2-25°C.

Directions:

Suspend 56.7 g of dehydrated media in 1000 ml of purified filtered water. Heat with frequent agitation and boil for one minute. DO NOT STERILIZE. Cool to 45-50° C. Mix gently and dispense into sterile Petri dishes. The prepared agar plates should be brought to room temperature. Inoculate plate with specimen and streak for isolation. Incubate at 35°C for 24-48 hours.

This medium is only a part of the identification. Other tests may be required.

Results after 24 hours at 35°C

Organisms (ATCC)	Growth	Colour of Colony
Salmonella typhimurium	+	red with black centres
(14028)		
Shigella flexneri (12022)	+	red
Klebsiella pneumoniae (13883)	+	yellow, opaque colonies
Escherichia coli (25922)	- or partial	
Streptococcus faecalis (29212)	- or partial	



References:

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Precautions and Disclaimer

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